

$$\frac{1}{2M} [IP - Q A(x^1, x^2, x^3)]^2 + Q \phi(x^1, x^2, x^3)$$

$$x^1 = \chi(\varepsilon) = \chi(4\varepsilon), \quad x^2 = \chi(2\varepsilon), \quad x^3 = \chi(3\varepsilon)$$

$$M = m\varepsilon\alpha^2, \quad Q = m$$

$$p^1 = -i\pi \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1}, \quad p^2 = -i\pi \frac{\partial}{\partial x^2}, \quad p^3 = -i\pi \frac{\partial}{\partial x^3}$$

$$A^1(x^1, x^2, x^3) = \alpha(x^2 - x^1)$$

$$A^2(x^1, x^2, x^3) = \alpha(x^3 - x^2)$$

$$A^3(x^1, x^2, x^3) = \alpha(x^1 - x^3)$$

$$\phi(x^1, x^2, x^3) = -\frac{1}{2\varepsilon} [(x^2 - x^1)^2 + (x^3 - x^2)^2 + (x^1 - x^3)^2]$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} B^1 = \partial_2 A^3 - \partial_3 A^2 = -\alpha & E^1 = -\partial_1 \phi = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} (2x^1 - x^2 - x^3) \\ B^2 = \partial_3 A^1 - \partial_1 A^3 = -\alpha & E^2 = -\partial_1 \phi = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} (2x^2 - x^3 - x^1) \\ B^3 = \partial_1 A^2 - \partial_2 A^1 = -\alpha & E^3 = -\partial_1 \phi = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} (2x^3 - x^1 - x^2) \end{array}$$